





# E95-DTU (400SL22P-485)

All rights to interpret and modify this manual belong to Chengdu Ebyte Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.

1 Introduction	4
1.1 Brief Introduction	4
1.2 Features	4
2 Quick Start	5
3 Installation Dimensions	7
4 Technical Index	7
4.1 General Specifications	7
4.2 Frequency Range and Number of Channels	8
4.3 Transmit Power Level	
4.4 Air Speed Class	
4.5 Sending and Receiving Length and Subcontracting Method	
5 Detailed Function	9
5.1 Fixed-point Transmission (Hexadecimal)	9
5.2 Broadcast Transmission (Hexadecimal)	
5.3Broadcast Address	
5.4Listening Address	
6 Product selection	
6.1Transparent Transmission Mode (Mode 0)	
6.2WOR Mode (Mode 1)	11
6.3Configuration Mode (Mode 2)	11
6.4Deep Sleep Mode (Mode 3)	12
7 Register Read and Write Control	
7.1Instruction Format	
7.2Register Description	
7.3Factory Default Parameters	
8 Relay Networking Mode Use	
9 Relay Networking Mode Use	
10 Program the Radio	
11 Related Products	
12 Precautions for Use	

13 Important Statement	20
Revision history	
About us	21

## Disclaimer

EBYTE reserves all rights to this document and the information contained herein. Products, names, logos and designs described herein may in whole or in part be subject to intellectual property rights. Reproduction, use, modification or disclosure to third parties of this document or any part thereof without the express permission of EBYTE is strictly prohibited.

The information contained herein is provided "as is" and EBYTE assumes no liability for the use of the information. No warranty, either express or implied, is given, including but not limited, with respect to the accuracy, correctness, reliability and fitness for a particular purpose of the information. This document may be revised by EBYTE at any time. For most recent documents, visit www.ebyte.com.

#### **1** Introduction

#### 1.1 Brief Introduction

E95-DTU (400SL22P-485) is a wireless data transmission radio station that adopts military-grade LoRa modulation technology. It has a variety of transmission methods. It works in the frequency band (410.125MHz~ 493.125MHz) (default 433.125MHz). The radio provides a transparent RS485 interface. Adopt plastic shell, guide rail type installation structure, support DC



 $8 \sim 28V$  voltage input. LoRa spread spectrum technology will bring longer communication distance, and has the advantage of strong anti-interference ability.

As a communication medium, wireless data transmission station has a certain scope of application like optical fiber, microwave, and open wire: it provides real-time and reliable data transmission of monitoring signals in private networks under certain special conditions, with low cost, installation and maintenance Convenience, strong diffraction ability, flexible network structure, and long coverage. It is suitable for many and scattered locations and complex geographic environments. It can be connected with PLC, RTU, rain gauge, level gauge and other data terminals.

#### 1.2 Features

- ★ The latest LoRa technology is adopted, which is farther than traditional LoRa digital radio stations and has more powerful performance;
- $\star$  With data encryption, the packet length can be set;
- ★ Adopt flame-retardant plastic shell and guide rail type installation structure, which is convenient and efficient to install
- ★ Hidden buttons are used to switch working modes to avoid false triggers, and the equipment is more reliable in operation;
- ★ Simple high-efficiency power supply design, support power supply configuration or line pressure mode, support DC 8~28Vpower supply;
- ★ The transmit power is up to 22dBm, and supports multi-level adjustment, and all technical indicators meet industrial standards;
- ★ Support Modbus protocol transmission;
- ★ Support LBT function, the radio station automatically waits for transmission according to the current environmental noise intensity. Greatly improve the communication success rate of the radio station in harsh environments;
- ★ Support wireless sending of command data packets, remote configuration or reading radio station parameters;
- ★ Support communication key function, effectively prevent data from being intercepted;
- ★ Multi-level relay networking can be realized, effectively extending the communication distance, and realizing ultra-long-distance communication;
- $\star$  Using temperature compensation circuit, the frequency stability is better than  $\pm 1.5$ PPM;
- ★ Operating temperature range: -40°C ~ +85°C, adapt to various harsh working environments, real industrial grade products;

- ★ Multiple protection functions such as power reverse connection protection, over-connection protection, antenna surge protection, etc., greatly increase the reliability of the radio;
- $\star$  The communication port and power interface adopt isolation and high protection;
- ★ Powerful software function, all parameters can be set by programming: such as power, frequency, air speed, address ID, etc.;
- ★ Built-in watchdog, and accurate time layout, once an abnormality occurs, the radio will automatically restart, and can continue to work according to the previous parameter settings.

# 2 Quick Start

(1) You need to prepare two E95-DTU (400SL22P-485)



② First install the antenna for the digital radio, and then install the power supply. The user selects the power adapter for power supply according to the needs.



③ Use USB to RS485 or other methods to connect the computer to the digital radio;



④ Start two serial port debugging assistants, select the serial port baud rate to be 9600bps (default), and the check

method to be 8N1 to realize serial port transparent transmission;

# XCOM V2.6		10 XCOM V2.6	
[2021-01-27 12:00:42.006] RX: ebyte test	Port COM4:USB-SERIAL CH34C •	[2021-01-27 12:00:40.966] TX: ebyte test	Port COM3:USB-SERIAL CH34C ▼
[2021-01-27 12:00:43.614] RX: ebyte test	Baud rate 9600 - Stop bits 1 -	[2021-01-27 12:00:42.574] TX: ebyte test	Baud rate 9600 -
[2021-01-27 12:00:45.157] RX: ebyte test	Data bits 8 🔹	[2021-01-27 12:00:44.126] TX: ebyte test	Data bits 🛛 👻 Parity None 👻
	Operation 💽 Close		Operation 🚺 Close
	Save Data Clear Data		Save Data Clear Data
Single Send Multi Send Protocol Transmit Help	■ RTS ■ 自动保存 ▼ TimeStamp 1000 ms	Single Send Multi Send Protocol Transmit Help	■ RTS ■ 自动保存 ▼ TimeStamp 1000 ms
Single Send Multi Send Protocol Transmit Help ebyte test	Send	ebyte test	Send
Timing Cycle:1000 HS	Upen File Send File Stop Send	Timing Cycle:1000 ms	- Clear Send Open File   Send File   Stop Send
	【火爆全网】正点原子DS100手持示波器上市	Hex Send V Wordwrap 0%	火爆全网】正点原子DS100手持示波器上市
🔅 🔹 www.openedv.com S:0 R:36	CTS=0 DSR=0 DCD=0	🔅 - www.openedv.com S:36 R:0	CTS=0 DSR=0 DCD=0

(5) If the customer needs to switch the working mode, it can be controlled by the Mode button to switch between

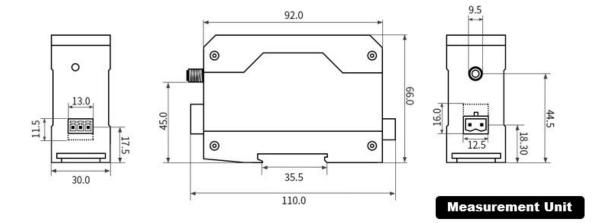
different working modes (M0 indicator, M1 indicator). Long press the Mode button for about 1ms and then release it to switch the mode once. The mode switching details are shown in the table below:

Serial	Class	M1	M0	Note
number				
mode 1	Transparent transmission mode	Lights off	Lights off	Serial port open, wireless open, transparent
				transmission (factory default mode), support
				special command air configuration.
mode 2	WOR mode	Lights off	Light on	Can be defined as WOR sender and WOR
				receiver, support air wakeup
mode 3	Configuration mode	Light on	Lights off	The user accesses the register through the
				serial port to control the working status of the
				radio station. The user can configure the radio
				station through the upper computer
				configuration software.

mode 4	Sleep mode	Light on	Light on	The radio goes to sleep

Note: The radio has a power-down save mode function (the factory default setting is transparent transmission mode), and the user needs to switch the corresponding mode according to the M1 and M0 indicators (effective immediately).

# **3** Installation Dimensions



# **4** Technical Index

#### 4.1 General Specifications

Serial number	Item	Specification	Note
1	Product Size	92*66*30 mm	See installation dimensions for details
2	product weight	95 g	Weight tolerance 5g
3	Operating temperature	-40°C~+85°C	Industrial grade
4	voltage range	DC 8~28V	It is recommended to use 12V or 24V forDC
5	Communication	RS485	RS485
6	Baud rate	Factory default 9600	Baud rate range 1200~115200
7	address code	Factory default 0	A total of 65536 address codes can be set

# 4.2 Frequency Range and Number of Channels

Product Model	Default	Frequency Range	Channel	Number of channels
	frequency	(MHz)	spacing	
	(MHz)		(MHz)	
E95-DTU(400SL22P-485)	433.125M	410.125~493.125M	1M	84, Half duplex

Note: If multiple groups of digital radios are used in the same area to communicate one to one at the same time, it is recommended that each group of digital radios set a channel spacing of more than 2MHz.

#### 4.3 Transmit Power Level

Product Model	22dBm	17dBm	13dBm	10dBm / 21dBm
E05 DTU(400SI 22D 495)	Factory		2	
E95-DTU(400SL22P-485)	default	N	N	v

Note: The lower the transmission power, the closer the transmission distance, but the working current will not decrease in the same proportion. It is recommended to use the maximum transmission power.

#### 4.4 Air Speed Class

Product Model	Default air	Number of levels	Air speed class(kbps)
	rate(bps)		
E95-DTU(400SL22P-485)	Factory default	8	0.3\1.2\2.4\4.8\9.6\19.2\38.4\62.5

Note: The higher the air speed setting, the faster the transmission rate and the shorter the transmission distance; therefore, when the speed meets the requirements of use, it is recommended that the airspeed be as low as possible.

#### 4.5 Sending and Receiving Length and Subcontracting Method



Product Model	Cache size	Subcontracting method	
E95-DTU(400SL22P-485)	1000 bytes	Can be set by instructions to sub-package 32/64/128/240	
E95-D10(4003L221-405)	1000 bytes	bytes to send	

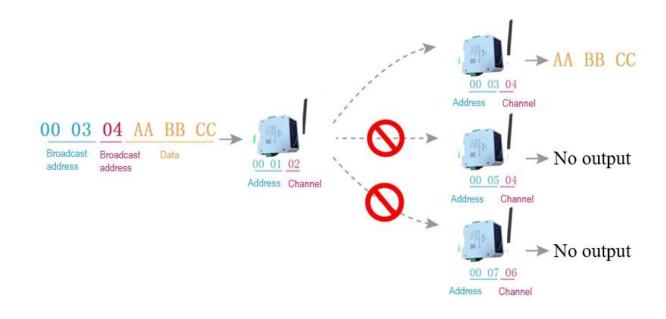
Note:

1. If the radio's single received data is greater than the single packet capacity, the excess data will be automatically allocated to the second transmission until the transmission is completed;

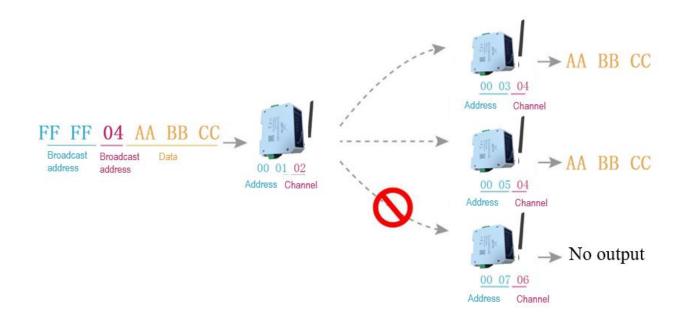
2. The single received data of the radio station cannot be larger than the buffer capacity.

## **5** Detailed Function

#### 5.1 Fixed-point Transmission (Hexadecimal)



#### 5.2 Broadcast Transmission (Hexadecimal)



#### 5.3 Broadcast Address

- Example: Set the address of station A to 0xFFFF and the channel to 0x04.
- When station A is used as a transmitter (same mode, transparent transmission mode), all receiving stations under the 0x04 channel can receive data to achieve the purpose of broadcasting.

#### 5.4 Listening Address

- Example: Set the address of station A to 0xFFFF and the channel to 0x04.
- When the station A is receiving, it can receive all the data under the 0x04 channel to achieve the purpose of monitoring.

# **6 Product selection**

E95-DTU has four working modes. When there is no demanding low power consumption, it is recommended to configure the radio to transparent transmission mode (mode 0) if normal communication is required. The default setting of the radio at the factory is transparent transmission mode (mode 0).

Serial number	Category	M1	M0	Annotation
Mode 0	Transparent transmission mode	Lights off	Lights off	Serial port open, wireless open, transparent transmission (factory default mode), support



				special command air configuration.						
Mode 1	WOR mode	Lights off	Light on	Can be defined as WOR sender and WOR receiver, support air wakeup						
Mode 2	Configuration mode	Light on	Lights off	The user accesses the register through the serial port to control the working status of the radio station. The user can configure the radio station through the upper computer configuration software.						
Mode 3	Deep sleep mode	Light on	Light on	The radio goes to sleep						

Note: If there is no low power consumption requirement, there is no need to care about WOR mode (mode 1).

#### 6.1 Transparent Transmission Mode (Mode 0)

Туре	When the M0 indicator light is off and the M1 indicator light is off, the radio is working in mode 0
Emission	The user can input data through the serial port, and the radio will start wireless transmission.
Receive	The radio receiving function is turned on, and the wireless data will be output through the serial port TXD pin after receiving the wireless data.

#### 6.2 WOR Mode (Mode 1)

Туре	When the M0 indicator light is off and the M1 indicator light is off, the radio is working in mode 1
Emission	When defined as the transmitter, the wake-up code for a certain period of time will be automatically added before transmission
Receive	Data can be received normally, the receiving function is equivalent to mode 0

# 6.3 Configuration Mode (Mode 2)

Туре	When the M0 indicator light is off and the M1 indicator light is on, the radio is working in mode 2
Emission	Can be configured wirelessly
Receive	Can be configured wirelessly
Configurat ion	The user can access the register to configure the working status of the radio

# 6.4 Deep Sleep Mode (Mode 3)

Туре	When the M0 indicator light is on and the M1 indicator light is on, the radio is working in mode 3
Emission	Unable to transmit wireless data.
Receive	Cannot receive wireless data.

# 7 Register Read and Write Control

#### 7.1 Instruction Format

In configuration mode (mode 2: M1 indicator light is on, M0 indicator light is off), the supported command list is as follows (when setting, only 9600, 8N1 format is supported):

Serial number	Instruction format	Detailed description
	Set register	Command: C0+start address+length+parameter
		Response: C1+start address+length+parameter
		Example 1: Configure the channel as 0x09
		Instruction start address length parameter
1		Send: C0 05 01 09
1		Returns: C1 05 01 09
		Example 2: Configure the radio address (0x1234), network address (0x00), serial port
		(9600 8N1), airspeed (1.2K) at the same time
		Send: C0 00 04 12 34 00 61
		Return: C1 00 04 12 34 00 61
	Read register	Command: C1+start address+length
		Response: C1+start address+length+parameter
		Example 1: Read the channel
		Instruction start address length parameter
2		Send: C1 05 01
		Returns: C1 05 01 09
		Example 2: Read the radio address, network address, serial port, airspeed at the same
		time
		Send: C1 00 04
		Return: C1 00 04 12 34 00 61



	Set up	Command: C2 + start address + length + parameters
	temporary	Response: C1 + start address + length + parameters
	registers	
		Example 1: Configure the channel as 0x09
		Instruction start address length parameter
3		Send: C2 05 01 09
3		Returns: C1 05 01 09
		Example 2: Configure the radio address (0x1234), network address (0x00), serial port
		(9600 8N1), airspeed (1.2K) at the same time
		Send: C2 00 04 12 34 00 61
		Return: C1 00 04 12 34 00 61
	Wireless	Instructions: CF CF + regular instructions
	configuration	Response: CF CF + regular response
		Example 1: The wireless configuration channel is 0x09
		Wireless command header command start address length parameter
5		Send: CF CF C0 05 01 09
3		Returns: CF CF C1 05 01 09
		Example 2: Wirelessly configure the radio address (0x1234), network address (0x00),
		serial port (9600 8N1), airspeed (1.2K) at the same time
		Send: CF CF C0 00 04 12 34 00 61
		Return: CF CF C1 00 04 12 34 00 61
(	wrong format	Malformed response
6		FF FF FF

# 7.2 Register Description

Serial number	Read and write	name	description	Remarks			
00H	Read/ Write	ADDH	ADDH(Default 0)	High byte and low byte of radio address; Note: When the radio station address is			
01H	Read/ Write	ADDL	ADDL(Default 0)	equal to FFFF, it can be used as the broadcast and monitor address, that is: the radio station will not perform address filtering at this time			
02H	Read/ Write	NETID	NETID(Default 0)	Network address, used to distinguish networks; When communicating with each other, they should be set to the same.			



				_					
			7	6	5	UART Serial port rate (bps)	For two radios that communicate with		
			0	0	0 0 Serial port baud rate1200		each other, the serial port baud rate can		
			0	0	1	Serial port baud rate2400	be different, and the verification method		
			0	1	0	Serial port baud rate4800	can also be different;		
			0	1	1	Serial port baud rate9600			
			0	1	1	(Default)	When continuously transmitting large		
			1	0	0	Serial port baud rate19200	data packets, users need to consider the		
			1	0	1	Serial port baud rate38400	data congestion caused by the same baud		
			1	1	0	Serial port baud rate57600	rate, and may even be lost;		
	D 1/		1	1	1	Serial port baud rate115200	It is generally recommended that the baud rate of the two communication parties be the same.		
03H	Read/	REG0	4	3	Serial	l port check digit			
	Write		0	0	8N1(	Default)	The serial port mode of the two		
			0	1	801		-		
			1	0	8E1		communication parties can be different;		
			1	1 8N1 (equivalent to 00)					
			2	1	0	Wireless air rate (bps)			
			0	0	0	Air speed0.3k	The air rate of both parties must be the		
				0	1	Air speed1.2k			
			0	1	0	Air speed2.4k(Default)	same		
			0 1		1	Air speed4.8k	The higher the air rate, the smaller the		
			1	0	0 Air speed9.6k		delay and the shorter the transmission		
			1	0	1	Air speed19.2k	distance.		
			1	1	1 0 Air speed38.4k				
			1	1	1 Air speed62.5k				
			7	6	Subco	ontracting settings	The data sent by the user is less than the		
			0	0	240b	yte(Default)	sub-packet length, and the serial port output of the receiving end appears as an		
			0	1	128b	yte	uninterrupted continuous output;		
			1	0	64byt	e	If the data cont by the user is larger then		
			1	1	32byte		If the data sent by the user is larger than the packet length, the serial port of the receiving end will output in packets.		
			5	RSSI	Enviro	nmental noise enable	After enabling, you can send commands		
04H	Read/	REG1	0		led (de		C0 C1 C2 C3 in transmission mode or		
	Write		1	Enabl			WOR sending mode to read registers; Register 0x00: Current environmental noise RSSI; Register 0X01: RSSI when receiving data last time (The current channel noise is: dBm =-RSSI/2); Instruction format: C0 C1 C2 C3 + start address + read length; Return: C1 + address address + read length + read valid value; for example		



E95-DTU(400SL22P-485) User Manual

							send C0 C1 C2 C3 00 01 Return C1 00 01 RSSI				
			4	3	2	Keep					
			1	0	Trans	smit power	The relationship between power an				
			0	0	22dB	m(default)	current is non-linear. At the maximum				
			0	1	17dB	m	power, the power supply has the highe efficiency; the current will not decrease				
			1	0	13dB		in the same proportion as the pow decreases.				
			1	1 hannel		m / 21dBm					
05H	Read/ Write	REG2	0		spectiv	ely represent a total of 84	Actual frequency = 410.125 + CH *1M				
			7		le RSS	SI byte	After being enabled, the radio receives				
			0		led (de	-	wireless data and outputs it through the				
			1	Enabl	e		serial port TXD, followed by an RSSI strength byte.				
			6	transf	er metl	nod	During fixed-point transmission, the				
			0	Trans	parent	transmission (default)	radio will recognize the three bytes of serial data as: address high + address low + channel, and use it as a wireless transmission target.				
			1	Fixed	-point	transmission					
		E REG3	5	5			After the relay function is enabled, if th target address is not the radio station				
			0	Disab	le rela	y function (default)	itself, the radio station will start a				
					1	Enabl	e relay	function	forwarding; In order to prevent data return, it is recommended to use it in conjunction with the fixed-point mode; that is, the destination address and the source address are different.		
			4	LBT enable			After enabling, the wireless data will be				
06H	Read/		EG3 0		led (de	fault)	monitored before transmission, which can avoid interference to a certain extent				
0011	Write		KEG3	KEUJ		Enabl	e		but it may cause data delay;		
			1				The maximum stay time of LBT is 2 seconds, and it will be issued forcibly when it reaches 2 seconds.				
			3	WOR	mode	transceiver control	Only valid for mode 1;				
			0	The rawhen	adio tra transm	er (default) insceiver is turned on, and itting data, a wake-up code for iod of time is added.	After the WOR receiver receives the wireless data and outputs it through the serial port, it will wait 1000ms before entering the WOR again. During this				
			1	WOR The ra in WO period	transn adio ca DR mor 1 is sho	nitter nnot transmit data and works nitoring mode. The monitoring own below (WOR period),	period, the user can input the serial data and return it wirelessly; Each serial port byte will be refreshed f 1000ms;				
					which can save a lot of power consumption.		The user must initiate the first byte within 1000ms.				
			2	1	0	WOR cycle	Only valid for mode 1;				

			0 0		0	500ms			
			0	0	1	1000ms	Cycle T= (1+WOR)*500ms, the maximum is 4000ms, the minimum is		
			0	1	0	1500ms	500ms;		
			0	1	1	2000ms	The longer the WOR monitoring interval		
			1	0	0	2500ms	period, the lower the average power		
			1	0	1	3000ms	consumption, but the greater the data		
			1	1	0	3500ms	delay;		
			1	1	1	4000ms	Both sender and receiver must agree (very important)		
07H	Write	CRYPT	H	igh byt	e of k	ey (default 0)	Only write, read returns 0;		
0/11	white	_H					Used for encryption to avoid interception		
			L	ow byte	e of ke	ey (default 0)	of wireless data in the air by similar radio stations;		
		CDVDT							
08H	Write	CRYPT _L					The radio station will use these two bytes		
		_					as a calculation factor to transform and		
							encrypt the wireless signal in the air.		
80H~ 86H	Read	PID	Pı	oduct	inform	nation 7 bytes	Product information 7 bytes		

# 7.3 Factory Default Parameters

Product model		Factory default parameter value:C0 00 00 62 00 00						
Radio model	Frequency	Address	Channel	Air rate	Baud rate	Serial format	Transmit power	
E95-DTU(400SL22P-48 5)	433.125M Hz	0x0000	0x17	2.4kbps	9600	8N1	22dBm (small power)	

# 8 Relay Networking Mode Use

Serial number	Relay mode description			
1	After setting the relay mode through the configuration mode, switch to the normal mode, and the relay starts to work.			
2	In the relay mode, ADDH and ADDL are no longer used as the radio address, but correspond to the NETID forwarding pairing respectively. If one of the networks is received, it will be forwarded to the other network. The network ID of the repeater itself is invalid.			
3	In the relay mode, the relay station cannot send and receive data, and cannot perform low-power operation.			
4	When the user enters other modes from Mode 3 (sleep mode) or is in the reset process, the radio will reset the user parameters, during which AUX outputs low level.			

Description of relay networking rules:

1. Forwarding rules, the relay can forward data in both directions between two NETIDs.

2. In the relay mode, ADDH\ADDL is no longer used as a radio address, but as a NETID forwarding pairing.

As shown in the figure:

①First level relay

"Node 1" NETID is 08.

"Node 2" NETID is 33.

The ADDH\ADDL of relay 1 are 08 and 33 respectively.

So the signal sent by node 1 (08) can be forwarded to node 2 (33)

At the same time, node 1 and node 2 have the same address, so the data sent by node 1 can be received by node 2.

2 Secondary relay

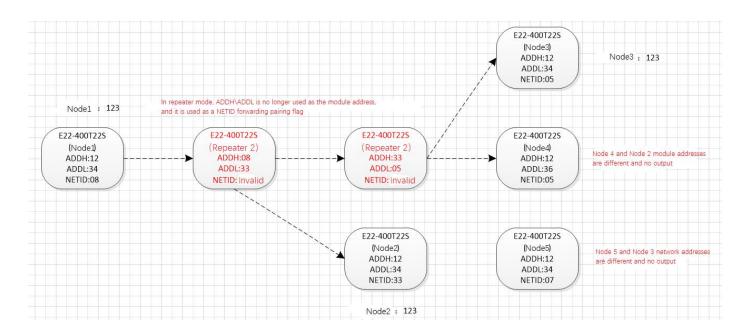
The ADDH\ADDL of relay 2 are 33 and 05 respectively.

So relay 2 can forward the data of relay 1 to the network NETID: 05.

Therefore, node 3 and node 4 can receive node 1 data. Node 4 normally outputs data, and node 3 has a different address from node 1, so no data is output.

③Two-way relay

As shown in the configuration: the data sent by node 1 can be received by nodes 2 and 4, and the data sent by nodes 2 and 4 can also be received by node



#### 9 Relay Networking Mode Use

• The following figure shows the display interface of the E95-DTU (400SL22P-485) configuration host computer. The user can switch to the configuration mode through the MODE button, and quickly configure and read the parameters on the host computer.

Chengdu Ebyte Electronic Technology Co.,Ltd.

		成都亿 Chengdu	C佰特电 Ebyte Electr	子科技 ronic Techno	ヨ PK ン 円 ―	中文 inglish
COM6	~	OpenPort	GetParam	SetParam	Preset	odels
JartRate		~	Parity		Fixed mode	
JartRate		~	Parity Power:	>	Fixed mode WOR timing	

• In the configuration of the host computer, the radio address, frequency channel, network ID, and key are all displayed in decimal mode. The range of each parameter is:

Network address:  $0 \sim 65535$ Frequency channel:  $0 \sim 83$ Network ID:  $0 \sim 255$ Key:  $0 \sim 65535$ 

• When using the host computer to configure the relay mode, the user needs to pay special attention. Since the parameters in the host computer are in decimal display mode, the radio address and network ID need to be converted when filling in the radio station address and network ID. If the network ID input by the transmitting terminal A is 02 and the network ID input by the receiving terminal B is 10, when the relay terminal R sets the radio address, the hexadecimal value 0X020A is converted to the decimal value 522 as the relay terminal R. Radio address. That is, the radio address value that needs to be filled in by the relay terminal R at this time is 522.

# 10 Program the Radio

Operating mode	M1	M0	注释
Configuration mode	The indicator light is on		Only use the configuration software to
Configuration mode		The indicator light is off	program the radio in the current mode

1. Programming can only be carried out in a specific working mode (see the above table). If the programming fails, please confirm whether the working mode of the radio is correct.

2. If you don't need complicated programming to open the E95-DTU (400SL22P-485) configuration software, you can modify the relevant parameters.

# **11 Related Products**

Product Number	Interface Type	Working Frequency MHz	Transmit Power dBm	Commu nication Distanc e km	Features
E95-DTU(400SL22-485)	RS485	410.125 ~ 493.125	22	5	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL22-232)	RS232	410.125 ~ 493.125	22	5	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL30-485)	RS485	410.125 ~ 493.125	30	10	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL30-232)	RS232	410.125 ~ 493.125	30	10	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL22P-485 )	RS485	410.125 ~ 493.125	22	5	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, high protection, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL22P-232 )	RS232	410.125 ~ 493.125	22	5	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU L series intercommunication, high protection, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL30P-485 )	RS485	410.125 ~ 493.125	30	10	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, high protection, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL30P-232 )	RS232	410.125 ~ 493.125	30	10	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, high protection, DC power supply
E96-DTU(400SL22-485)	RS485	410.125 ~ 493.125	22	5	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, AC power supply
E96-DTU(400SL22-485)	RS232	410.125 ~ 493.125	22	5	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, AC power supply
E96-DTU(400SL30-485)	RS485	410.125 ~ 493.125	30	10	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series

E95-DTU(400SL22P-485) User Manual

					intercommunication, AC power supply
E96-DTU(400SL30-232)	RS232	410.125 ~ 493.125	30	10	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, AC power supply

# **12 Precautions for Use**

1. Do not operate this radio in the vicinity of some flammable places (such as coal mines) or explosive dangerous objects (such as detonators for detonation).

2. A suitable DC stabilized power supply should be selected, which requires strong anti-high frequency interference, low ripple, and sufficient load capacity; preferably, it should also have over-current, over-voltage protection and lightning protection functions to ensure data transmission The radio is working normally.

3. Do not use it in a working environment that exceeds the environmental characteristics of the digital radio, such as high temperature, humidity, low temperature, strong electromagnetic field or dusty environment.

4. Don't let the digital radio station continuously be in full load transmitting state, otherwise the transmitter may be burnt out.

5. The ground wire of the digital transmission radio station should be well connected with the ground wire of the external equipment (such as PC, PLC, etc.) and the ground wire of the power supply, otherwise the communication interface may be burnt out; do not plug or unplug the serial port with power on.

6. When testing the digital radio station, you must connect a matching antenna or a  $50\Omega$  dummy load, otherwise the transmitter will be easily damaged; if the antenna is connected, the distance between the human body and the antenna should be more than 2 meters to avoid injury. Do not touch the antenna while transmitting.

7. Wireless data transmission stations often have different communication distances in different environments. The communication distance is often affected by temperature, humidity, obstacle density, obstacle volume, and electromagnetic environment; in order to ensure stable communication, it is recommended to reserve 50 % Or more of the communication distance margin.

8. If the measured communication distance is not ideal, it is recommended to analyze and improve the communication distance from the antenna quality and antenna installation method. You can also contact support@cdebyte.com for help.

9. When selecting the power supply, in addition to retaining 50% of the current margin as recommended, it should also be noted that its ripple should not exceed 100mV.

#### **13 Important Statement**

1. Ebyte reserves the right of final interpretation and modification of all contents in this manual.

2. Due to the continuous improvement of the hardware and software of the product, this manual may be changed without prior notice. The latest version of the manual shall prevail.

# **Revision history**

Version	Date	Description	Issued by
1.0	2020-10-23	Initial version	Li
1.1	2021-02-04	Integrated SL series	ken

#### About us

Technical support: support@cdebyte.com

Documents and RF Setting download link: www.ebyte.com

Thank you for using Ebyte products! Please contact us with any questions or suggestions: info@cdebyte.com

\_\_\_\_\_

Phone: +86 028-61399028

Web: www.ebyte.com

Address: B5 Mould Park, 199# Xiqu Ave, High-tech District, Sichuan, China

(((•)))<sup>®</sup> **Chengdu Ebyte Electronic Technology Co.,Ltd.**